

Monday 09/05/2016	Tuesday 09/06/2016	Wednesday 09/07/2016	Thursday 09/08/2016	Friday 09/09/2016
Labor Day	Bellwork and Morning Routine 8:05am - 8:15am	Bellwork and Morning Routine 8:05am - 8:15am	Bellwork and Morning Routine 8:05am - 8:15am	Bellwork and Morning Routine 8:05am - 8:15am
	<p>S. will listen to morning announcements and recite the Craycroft Creed and Pledge of Allegiance.</p> <p>S. will complete a Math bellwork worksheet (addition/ subtraction coloring sheet).</p>	<p>S. will listen to morning announcements and recite the Craycroft Creed and Pledge of Allegiance.</p> <p>S. will complete a Math bellwork worksheet (addition/ subtraction coloring sheet).</p>	<p>S. will listen to morning announcements and recite the Craycroft Creed and Pledge of Allegiance.</p> <p>S. will complete a Math bellwork worksheet (addition/ subtraction coloring sheet).</p>	<p>S. will listen to morning announcements and recite the Craycroft Creed and Pledge of Allegiance.</p> <p>S. will complete a Math bellwork worksheet (addition/ subtraction coloring sheet).</p>
	<p>Math 8:15am - 10:00am</p> <p>EQ: What is area and perimeter and what do they measure? Learning target: I can identify and explain the steps for area and perimeter.</p> <p>Anticipatory set: T. will ask S. to share with a partner what the difference is between area and perimeter.</p> <p>Guided lesson: T. will model and explain how today will be a review day for the upcoming unit 2 test (on Wednesday). S. will have five stations (each group a different station).</p> <p>Group 1: Whiteboard with T. (drawing polygons and quadrilaterals). Group 2: Math games on Learn site Group 3: Area/Perimeter worksheet on learn site.</p>	<p>Math 8:15am - 9:15am</p> <p>EQ: What are shapes and how can we use area and perimeter to identify them? Learning target: I can identify and explain the differences between shapes, area and perimeter.</p> <p>Anticipatory set: T. will model and explain the unit 2 assessment and test expectations.</p> <p>Guided lesson: S. will bring out their test folders and get ready for the unit 2 test.</p> <p>Independent activity: S. will complete the unit 2 test. S. that finish early will complete a Math worksheet.</p> <p>Closer: S. will turn in their Math tests into the basket.</p> <p>Standards</p> <p>3.G.1</p>	<p>Math 8:15am - 10:00am</p> <p>EQ: What is multiplication and how do we apply it? Learning target: I can identify and explain multiplication and its properties.</p> <p>Anticipatory set: T. will model and explain the basic multiplication properties by displaying an anchor chart that shows multiplying with groups of 5 and 10, and skip counting. S. will take notes in their Math journals.</p> <p>Guided lesson: T. will model and demonstrate the Conceptua opener for 3.1-1-1. S. will share responses with a partner.</p> <p>Independent activity: S. will complete the Conceptua lesson 3.1-1-1 on their computers. S. that finish early will play the multiplication</p>	<p>Math 8:15am - 10:00am</p> <p>EQ: What is multiplication and how do we apply it? Learning target: I can identify and explain multiplication and its properties.</p> <p>Anticipatory set: T. will model with an anchor chart on multiplying using arrays. S. will take notes in their Math journals.</p> <p>Guided lesson: T. will model the Conceptua opener for 3.1-1-2. S. will share their responses with a partner.</p> <p>Independent activity: S. will complete the Conceptua lesson. S. that finish early will play a multiplication Math game on the Learn site.</p> <p>Closer: S. will complete the Conceptua journal prompt closer.</p> <p>Standards</p>

Group 4: Polygon/
quadrilateral worksheet on
learn site
Group 5: Math games on
Learn site

Independent activity: S. will
work on their group stations
and rotate through each
station.

Closer: S. will share with a
partner any remaining
questions they have on area,
perimeter, or shapes.

Standards

3.G.1 Understand that
shapes in different
categories (e.g., rhombuses,
rectangles, and others) may
share attributes (e.g., having
four sides), and that the
shared attributes can define
a larger category (e.g.,
quadrilaterals). Recognize
rhombuses, rectangles, and
squares as examples of
quadrilaterals, and draw
examples of quadrilaterals
that do not belong to any of
these subcategories.

3.MD.5 Recognize area as
an attribute of plane
figures and understand
concepts of area
measurement.

3.MD.5a A square with side
length 1 unit,
called "a unit square," is said
to have "one square unit" of

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different categories (e.g.,
rhombuses, rectangles, and
others) may share attributes
(e.g., having four sides), and
that the shared attributes can
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(e.g., quadrilaterals).
Recognize rhombuses,
rectangles, and squares as
examples of quadrilaterals,
and draw examples of
quadrilaterals that do not
belong to any of these
subcategories.

3.MD.5 Recognize area as
an attribute of plane
figures and understand
concepts of area
measurement.

3.MD.5a A square with side
length 1 unit,
called "a unit square," is said
to have "one square unit" of
area, and can be used to
measure area.

3.MD.6 Measure areas by
counting unit
squares (square cm, square
m, square in, square ft, and
improvised units).

3.MD.8 Solve real world and
mathematical
problems involving
perimeters of polygons,
including finding the
perimeter given the side
lengths, finding an unknown
side length, and exhibiting

Math game on the Learn
site.

Closer: S. will answer the
Conceptua journal prompt.

Standards

3.OA.1 Interpret products of
whole numbers,
e.g., interpret 5×7 as the
total number of objects in 5
groups of 7 objects each. For
example, describe a context
in which a total number of
objects can be expressed as
 5×7 .

3.OA.2 Interpret whole-
number quotients of
whole numbers, e.g.,
interpret $56 \div 8$ as the
number of objects in each
share when 56 objects are
partitioned equally into 8
shares, or as a number of
shares when 56 objects are
partitioned into equal shares
of 8 objects each. For
example, describe a context
in which a number of shares
or a number of groups can
be expressed as $56 \div 8$.

3.OA.4 Determine the
unknown whole
number in a multiplication or
division equation relating
three whole numbers. For
example, determine the
unknown number that makes
the equation true in each of
the equations $8 \times ? = 48$, $5 =$
 $? \div 3$, $6 \times 6 = ?$.

3.OA.1 Interpret products of
whole numbers,
e.g., interpret 5×7 as the
total number of objects in 5
groups of 7 objects each. For
example, describe a context
in which a total number of
objects can be expressed as
 5×7 .

3.OA.2 Interpret whole-
number quotients of
whole numbers, e.g.,
interpret $56 \div 8$ as the
number of objects in each
share when 56 objects are
partitioned equally into 8
shares, or as a number of
shares when 56 objects are
partitioned into equal shares
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or a number of groups can
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example, determine the
unknown number that makes
the equation true in each of
the equations $8 \times ? = 48$, $5 =$
 $? \div 3$, $6 \times 6 = ?$.

3.OA.5 Apply properties of
operations as
strategies to multiply and
divide. Examples: If $6 \times 4 =$
 24 is known, then $4 \times 6 = 24$
is also known. (Commutative

area, and can be used to measure area.

3.MD.6 Measure areas by counting unit squares (square cm, square m, square in, square ft, and improvised units).

3.MD.8 Solve real world and mathematical problems involving perimeters of polygons, including finding the perimeter given the side lengths, finding an unknown side length, and exhibiting rectangles with the same perimeter and different areas or with the same area and different perimeters.

Reading 10:40am - 11:15am

EQ: What is sequence and how is it important to a story.
Learning target: I can identify and explain a story using sequence and events.

Anticipatory set: T. will model and introduce the lesson 3 test on historical events and sequencing.

Guided lesson: S. will bring out their testing folders and T. will model test expectations.

Independent activity: S. will complete the lesson 3 test. S. that finish early will turn in their test and silent read.

rectangles with the same perimeter and different areas or with the same area and different perimeters.

E.L.A. 9:10am - 10:00am

EQ: What is the main idea of a text and how do key details support it?

Learning target: I can explain and summarize a reading using main idea and key details.

Anticipatory set: T. will display an anchor chart with the following statement.
"Getting books to _____ in _____ can be challenging, but librarians have _____."

Guided lesson: S. will need to write down this statement in their E.L.A. journals. S. will need to fill in the blanks with the facts about their country (Finland, Thailand, and Zimbabwe).

Independent activity: S. will complete their statements in their E.L.A. journals.

Closer: S. will silent read for the remainder of E.L.A. S. will silent read for 10-15 minutes. S. will then write a summary of their reading in their E.L.A. journals.

Standards

3.OA.5 Apply properties of operations as strategies to multiply and divide. Examples: If $6 \times 4 = 24$ is known, then $4 \times 6 = 24$ is also known. (Commutative property of multiplication.) $3 \times 5 \times 2$ can be found by $3 \times 5 = 15$, then $15 \times 2 = 30$, or by $5 \times 2 = 10$, then $3 \times 10 = 30$. (Associative property of multiplication.) Knowing that $8 \times 5 = 40$ and $8 \times 2 = 16$, one can find 8×7 as $8 \times (5 + 2) = (8 \times 5) + (8 \times 2) = 40 + 16 = 56$. (Distributive property.)

3.OA.6 Understand division as an unknown-factor problem. For example, find $32 \div 8$ by finding the number that makes 32 when multiplied by 8.

3.OA.7 Fluently multiply and divide within 100, using strategies such as the relationship between multiplication and division (e.g., knowing that $8 \times 5 = 40$, one knows $40 \div 5 = 8$) or properties of operations. By the end of Grade 3, know from memory all products of two one-digit numbers.

Reading 10:40am - 11:15am

EQ:

Learning target:

property of multiplication.) $3 \times 5 \times 2$ can be found by $3 \times 5 = 15$, then $15 \times 2 = 30$, or by $5 \times 2 = 10$, then $3 \times 10 = 30$. (Associative property of multiplication.) Knowing that $8 \times 5 = 40$ and $8 \times 2 = 16$, one can find 8×7 as $8 \times (5 + 2) = (8 \times 5) + (8 \times 2) = 40 + 16 = 56$. (Distributive property.)

3.OA.6 Understand division as an unknown-factor problem. For example, find $32 \div 8$ by finding the number that makes 32 when multiplied by 8.

3.OA.7 Fluently multiply and divide within 100, using strategies such as the relationship between multiplication and division (e.g., knowing that $8 \times 5 = 40$, one knows $40 \div 5 = 8$) or properties of operations. By the end of Grade 3, know from memory all products of two one-digit numbers.

Reading 10:40am - 11:15am

EQ:

Learning target:

Anticipatory set: S. will bring out their lesson 4 reading packets.

Guided lesson: T. will model and explain how S. are to complete the pages in the

Closer: S. will turn in their tests.

Standards

3.RI.3 Describe the relationship between a series of historical events, scientific ideas or concepts, or steps in technical procedures in a text, using language that pertains to time, sequence, and cause/effect.

E.L.A. 11:50am - 1:50pm

EQ: What is the main idea of a text and how do key details support it?

Learning target: I can explain and summarize a reading using main idea and key details.

Anticipatory set: T. will model and explain that S. are to be taking the mid-unit assessment.

Guided lesson: T. will read aloud an excerpt from 'My Librarian is a Camel.' S. will need to take notes during the read aloud. S. will need to fill out an 'I notice' and 'I wonder' chart on the excerpt. T. will then explain how S. are to use their two-column notes to write a summary on the reading including the main

3.RI.2 Determine the main idea of a text; recount the key details and explain how they support the main idea.

3.RI.4 Determine the meaning of general academic and domain-specific words and phrases in a text relevant to a grade 3 topic or subject area.

3.RI.7 Use information gained from illustrations (e.g., maps, photographs) and the words in a text to demonstrate understanding of the text (e.g., where, when, why, and how key events occur).

3.RI.1 Ask and answer questions to demonstrate understanding of a text, referring explicitly to the text as the basis for the answers.

Reading 11:55am - 12:25pm

EQ:
Learning target:

Anticipatory set: T. will model and introduce the Teacher toolbox lesson 4 packet.

Guided lesson: T. and S. will work together on the first page of the lesson 4 packet.

Anticipatory set: S. will bring out their lesson 4 packets.

Guided lesson: T. will model and explain how the pages labeled 'Tuesday' will be the pages S. will be working on in their table groups.

Independent activity: S. will complete the 'Tuesday' pages of the packet.

Closer: S. will share their answers with the T. T. will go over 1-2 of the problems from the 'Tuesday' pages.

Standards

3.RI.1 Ask and answer questions to demonstrate understanding of a text, referring explicitly to the text as the basis for the answers.

3.RI.6 Distinguish their own point of view from that of the author of a text.

3.RI.2 Determine the main idea of a text; recount the key details and explain how they support the main idea.

E.L.A. 11:50am - 1:50pm

EQ: What is the main idea of a text and how do key details support it?
Learning Target: I can explain and summarize a reading

packet titled 'Thursday' S. will work with one partner on these pages.

Independent activity: S. will complete the 'Thursday' pages of the packet.

Closer: S. will turn in their completed packets.

Standards

3.RI.1 Ask and answer questions to demonstrate understanding of a text, referring explicitly to the text as the basis for the answers.

3.RI.6 Distinguish their own point of view from that of the author of a text.

3.RI.2 Determine the main idea of a text; recount the key details and explain how they support the main idea.

E.L.A. 11:50am - 1:50pm

EQ: What is the main idea of a text and how do key details support it?
Learning Target: I can explain and summarize a reading using main idea and key details.

Anticipatory set: T. will refer to the unit 2, lesson 9 module.

idea and key details to support the main idea.

Independent activity: S. independently work on their summaries. S. that finish early will turn in their summaries into the E.L.A. basket and silent read. (Title of page needs to include mid-assessment/My Librarian is a Camel.).

ALL Block
G.U.M. Group- Group with T. T. will read aloud 'The Incredible Book Eating Boy' to this group. S. will take notes in their E.L.A. journals. S. will then need to write a summary on the story using key details.
Writing practice Group- S. in this group will work on a Writing prompt worksheet.
Independent Reading Group-

Standards

3.RI.2 Determine the main idea of a text; recount the key details and explain how they support the main idea.

3.RI.4 Determine the meaning of general academic and domain-specific words and phrases in a text relevant to a grade 3 topic or subject area.

3.RI.7 Use information gained from

Independent activity: S. will fill out the table on the first page of the lesson 4 packet.

Closer: S. will share one new thing they learned with a partner.

Standards

3.RI.1 Ask and answer questions to demonstrate understanding of a text, referring explicitly to the text as the basis for the answers.

3.RI.6 Distinguish their own point of view from that of the author of a text.

3.RI.2 Determine the main idea of a text; recount the key details and explain how they support the main idea.

AVID and Community Culture

Grammar

using main idea and key details.

Anticipatory set: T. will refer to the unit 2, lesson 8 module.

Guided lesson: T. and S. will refer to the unit 2, lesson 8 module.

Independent activity: T. and S. will refer to the unit 2, lesson 8 module.

ALL Block
G.U.M. Group-
Writing Practice Group-
Independent Reading Group

Closer: S. will finish up their stations and journal entries.

Standards

3.RI.2 Determine the main idea of a text; recount the key details and explain how they support the main idea.

3.RI.4 Determine the meaning of general academic and domain-specific words and phrases in a text relevant to a grade 3 topic or subject area.

3.RI.7 Use information gained from illustrations (e.g., maps, photographs) and the words in a text to demonstrate understanding of the text

Guided lesson: T. and S. will refer to the unit 2, lesson 9 module.

Independent activity: T. and S. will refer to the unit 2, lesson 9 module.

ALL Block
G.U.M. Group-
Writing Practice Group-
Independent Reading Group

Closer: S. will finish up their stations and journal entries.

Standards

3.RI.2 Determine the main idea of a text; recount the key details and explain how they support the main idea.

3.RI.4 Determine the meaning of general academic and domain-specific words and phrases in a text relevant to a grade 3 topic or subject area.

3.RI.7 Use information gained from illustrations (e.g., maps, photographs) and the words in a text to demonstrate understanding of the text (e.g., where, when, why, and how key events occur).

3.RI.1 Ask and answer questions to demonstrate understanding of a text, referring explicitly to

illustrations (e.g., maps, photographs) and the words in a text to demonstrate understanding of the text (e.g., where, when, why, and how key events occur).

3.RI.1 Ask and answer questions to demonstrate understanding of a text, referring explicitly to the text as the basis for the answers.

AVID and Community Culture 1:50pm - 2:25pm

EQ: What are two-column notes and why are they important?

Learning target: We will create two-column notes and a summary by using our notes.

Anticipatory set: T. will model and introduce one of the AVID weekly lessons from the website.

Guided lesson: S. will read aloud the article with the T. Then S. will take turns reading the article with a partner.

Independent activity: S. will read aloud the article with a partner and then take two column notes on the article. S. will then create a summary from their two column notes.

(e.g., where, when, why, and how key events occur).

3.RI.1 Ask and answer questions to demonstrate understanding of a text, referring explicitly to the text as the basis for the answers.

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Guided lesson: S. will read aloud the article with the T. Then S. will take turns reading the article with a partner.

Independent activity: S. will read aloud the article with a partner and then take two column notes on the article. S. will then create a summary from their two column notes.

Closer: S. will share their notes or summary with a partner.

the text as the basis for the answers.

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Anticipatory set: T. will model and introduce one of the AVID weekly lessons from the website.

Guided lesson: S. will read aloud the article with the T. Then S. will take turns reading the article with a partner.

Independent activity: S. will read aloud the article with a partner and then take two column notes on the article. S. will then create a summary from their two column notes.

Closer: S. will share their notes or summary with a partner.

Grammar 2:25pm - 2:40pm

EQ: What are vowels and how do they affect the words we are spelling?

Closer: S. will share their notes or summary with a partner.

Grammar 2:25pm - 2:40pm

EQ: What are vowels and how do they affect the words we are spelling?

Learning target: I can identify and write words using the different vowel sounds.

Anticipatory set: T. will model and introduce the vowels worksheet that S. are to be working on.

Guided lesson: T. will model and explain two of the problems on the worksheet.

Independent activity: S. will complete the vowels worksheet.

Closer: S. will turn in the grammar worksheet into the basket.

Standards

ELL.III.L.1.PE-1 The student will demonstrate knowledge of parts of speech by classifying singular common nouns as a person, place or thing. (math, science, social studies)

ELL.III.L.1 The student will identify and apply conventions of standard

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Guided lesson: T. will model and explain two of the problems on the worksheet.

Independent activity: S. will complete the vowels worksheet.

Closer: S. will turn in the grammar worksheet into the basket.

Standards

ELL.III.L.1.PE-1 The student will demonstrate knowledge of parts of speech by classifying singular common nouns as a person, place or thing. (math, science, social studies)

ELL.III.L.1 The student will identify and apply conventions of standard English in his or her communications.

3.L.1a Explain the function of nouns, pronouns,

Learning target: I can identify and write words using the different vowel sounds.

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Guided lesson: T. will model and explain two of the problems on the worksheet.

Independent activity: S. will complete the vowels worksheet.

Closer: S. will turn in the grammar worksheet into the basket.

Standards

ELL.III.L.1.PE-1 The student will demonstrate knowledge of parts of speech by classifying singular common nouns as a person, place or thing. (math, science, social studies)

ELL.III.L.1 The student will identify and apply conventions of standard English in his or her communications.

3.L.1a Explain the function of nouns, pronouns, verbs, adjectives, and adverbs in general and their functions in particular sentences.

English in his or her communications.

3.L.1a Explain the function of nouns, pronouns, verbs, adjectives, and adverbs in general and their functions in particular sentences.

3.L.2e Use conventional spelling for high-frequency and other studied words and for adding suffixes to base words (e.g., sitting, smiled, cries, happiness).

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